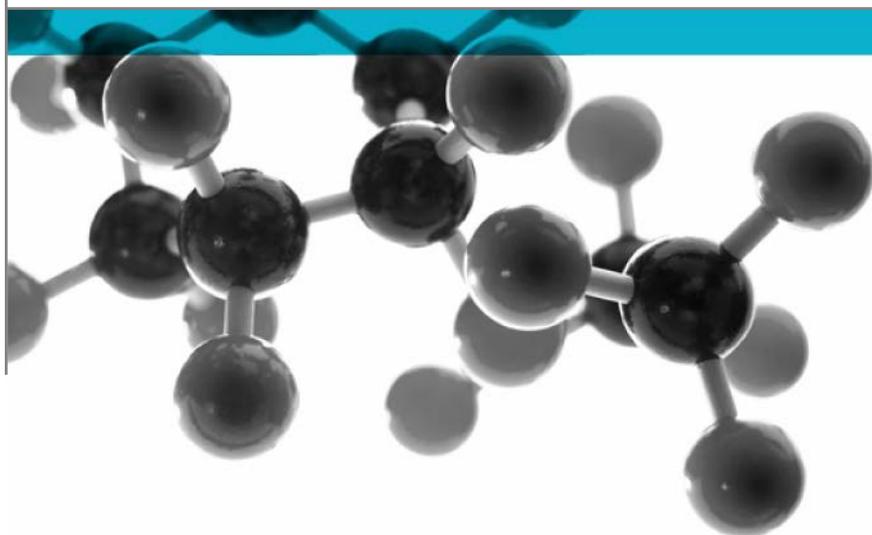


BS 476: Part 7: 1997



Method For Classification Of The Surface Spread Of Flame Of Products

A Report To: Infinity Innovative Coatings

Document Reference: 534232

Date: 10th August 2023

Issue No.: 1

Page 1



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Executive Summary

Objective To determine the surface spread of flame classification of the following product when tested in accordance with BS 476: Part 7: 1997.

Generic Description	Product reference	Thickness	Weight per unit area or specific gravity
A six coat coating system applied to a magnesium oxide board	"Standard Spray Granite Wall Build Up"	12.35mm*	11.95kg/m ² *
Individual components used to manufacture composite:			
Final coating product (test face)	"PU Topcoat"	100 microns	1kg/litre
Third coating product	"Water-Based Spray Granite 41"	1.2mm	1.18kg/litre
Second coating product	"Hydro Paint"	2 x 100 microns	1.4kg/litre
First coating product	"Exterior White Alkali Resistant Primer"	2 x 100 microns	1.35kg/litre
Magnesium oxide board	"Infinity Effects MGO Board"	12mm	20.8kg/m ²
*determined by Warringtonfire			
Please see pages 6 & 7 of this test report for the full description of the product tested			

Test Sponsor Infinity Innovative Coatings, 42 Drumalig Roan, Carryduff, Belfast, BT8 8EQ

Test Results: **Class 1**

An uncertainty of measurement estimation has been conducted in relation to the distance travelled by the flame front and the findings are as detailed in Appendix 2.

Date of Test 7th July 2023

Signatories

	
Responsible Officer D. Roberts * Testing Officer	Authorised T. Deluce* Technical Lead

* For and on behalf of [Warringtonfire](#).

Report Issued: 10th August 2023

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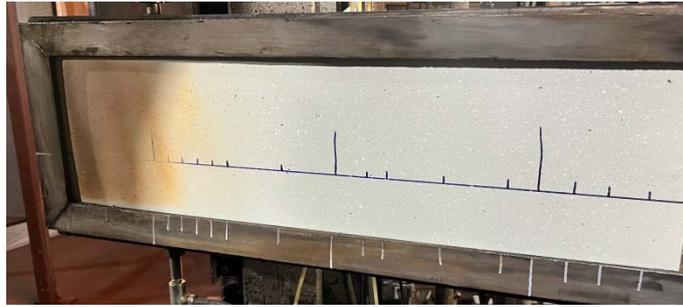
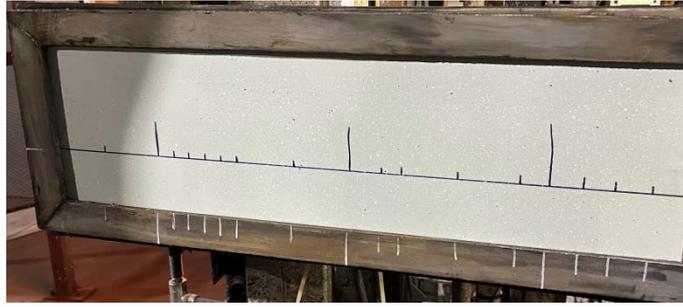
Test Details

Purpose of test	To determine the performance of a product when it is subjected to the conditions of the test specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997, "Fire tests on building materials and structures, method for classification of the surface spread of flame of products". This test was therefore performed in accordance with the procedure specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997 and this report should be read in conjunction with that British Standard.
Scope of test	BS 476: Part 7: 1997 specifies a method of test for measuring the lateral spread of flame along the surface of a specimen of a product orientated in the vertical position, and a classification system based on the rate and extent of flame spread. It provides data suitable for comparing the performances of essentially flat materials, composites, or assemblies, which are used primarily as the exposed surfaces of walls or ceilings.
Fire test study group/EGOLF	Certain aspects of some fire test specifications are open to different interpretations. The Fire Test Study Group and EGOLF have identified a number of such areas and have agreed Resolutions which define common agreement of interpretations between fire test laboratories which are members of the Groups. Where such Resolutions are applicable to this test they have been followed.
Instruction to test	The test was conducted on the 7th July 2023 at the request of Infinity Innovative Coatings, the sponsor of the test.
Provision of test specimens	The specimens were supplied by the sponsor of the test. Warringtonfire was not involved in any selection or sampling procedure. The results stated in this report apply to the sample as received.
Conditioning of specimens	<p>The specimens for testing to BS 476: Part 6: 1989+A1: 2009 together with the specimens for testing to BS 476: Part 7: 1997 were received on the 27th June 2023.</p> <p>Prior to the tests, all of the specimens were conditioned to constant mass at a temperature of $23 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ and a relative humidity of $50 \pm 5\%$. One specimen from the total sample submitted for test was selected for constant mass verification.</p>
Form in which the specimens were tested	Composite - Combination of materials which are generally recognised in building constructions as discrete entities e.g. coated or laminated materials. Each specimen was tested in direct contact with a nominally 12mm thick non-combustible backing board.
Exposed face	The coated face of the specimens was exposed to the heating conditions of the test.

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Photographs of specimens before and after test



Description of Test Specimens

The description of the specimens given below has been prepared from information provided by the sponsor of the test. This information has not been independently verified by [Warringtonfire](#). All values quoted are nominal, unless tolerances are given.

General description		A six coat coating system applied to a magnesium oxide board
Product reference of coating system		"Standard Spray Granite Wall Build Up"
Name of manufacturer		Infinity Innovative Coatings
Overall thickness		12.35mm (determined by Warringtonfire)
Overall weight per unit area		11.95kg/m ² (determined by Warringtonfire)
Final coating product (Test face)	Generic type	Water-based polyurethane topcoat
	Product reference	"PU Topcoat"
	Name of manufacturer	Infinity Innovative Coatings
	Colour	Clear
	Number of coats	1
	Application thickness	100 microns
	Specific gravity	1kg/litre
	Application method	Spray on
	Flame retardant details	See Note 1 below
	Curing process	Air drying
Third coating product	Generic type	Water-based spray granite
	Product reference	"Water-Based Spray Granite 41"
	Name of manufacturer	Infinity Innovative Coatings
	Colour	Grey, White, Black
	Number of coats	1
	Application thickness	1.2mm
	Specific gravity	1.18kg/litre
	Application method	Spray on
	Flame retardant details	See Note 1 below
	Curing process	Air drying
Second coating product	Generic type	Water-based paint
	Product reference	"Hydro Paint"
	Name of manufacturer	Infinity Innovative Coatings
	Colour	Grey
	Number of coats	2
	Application thickness per coat	100 microns
	Specific gravity	1.4kg/litre
	Application method	Spray on
	Flame retardant details	See Note 1 below
	Curing process	Air drying
First coating product	Generic type	Water-based primer
	Product reference	"Exterior White Alkali Resistant Primer"
	Name of manufacturer	Infinity Innovative Coatings
	Colour	White
	Number of coats	2
	Application thickness per coat	100 microns
	Specific gravity	1.35kg/litre
	Application method	Spray on
	Flame retardant details	See Note 1 below
	Curing process	Air drying

Continued on next page.

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Substrate	Generic type	Magnesium oxide board
	Product reference	"Infinity Effects MGO Board"
	Name of manufacturer	Infinity Effects
	Thickness	12mm
	Weight per unit area	20.8kg/m ²
	Flame retardant details	See Note 1 below
Brief description of manufacturing process of coatings	The manufacturing process of 4 mesh magnesium oxide (MgO) board involves the following steps: raw material preparation, mixing, forming with embedded mesh, curing, trimming and cutting, surface treatment, quality control, and packaging. It includes mixing raw materials, forming the board with a mesh layer, curing with heat and pressure, trimming, surface treatment, quality checks, and packaging.	

Note 1: The sponsor was unwilling to provide this information.

Test Results

Results and observations

The test results for the individual specimens, together with observations made during the test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test are given in Appendix 1.

Classification

In accordance with the class definitions given in BS 476: Part 7: 1997; the specimens tested are classified as Class 1.

An uncertainty of measurement estimation has been conducted in relation to the distance travelled by the flame front and the findings are as detailed in Appendix 2.

Criteria for classification

If the prefix 'D' or suffix 'R' or 'Y' is included in the classification, this indicates that the results should be treated with caution. An explanation of the reason for the prefix and suffixes is given in Appendix 3, together with the classification limits specified in the Standard.

Applicability of test result

The test results relate only to the behaviour of the test specimens of the product under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire hazard of the product in use.

The test results relate only to the specimens of the product in the form in which they were tested. Small differences in the composition or thickness of the product may significantly affect the performance during the test and may therefore invalidate the test results. Care should be taken to ensure that any product which is supplied or used is fully represented by the specimens which were tested.

Validity

The specification and interpretation of fire test methods are the subject of ongoing development and refinement. Changes in associated legislation may also occur. For these reasons it is recommended that the relevance of test reports over five years old should be considered by the user. The laboratory that issued the report will be able to offer, on behalf of the legal owner, a review of the procedures adopted for a particular test to ensure that they are consistent with current practices, and if required may endorse the test report.

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Appendix 1 – Test Results

SPECIMEN No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Maximum distance travelled at 1.5 minutes (mm)	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
Distance (mm)	Time to travel to indicated distance (minutes : seconds)					
75						
165						
190						
215						
240						
265						
290						
375						
455						
500						
525						
600						
675						
710						
750						
785						
825						
Time to reach maximum distance travelled	1:00	1:00	1:00	1:00	1:00	1:00
Maximum distance travelled in 10 minutes (mm)	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50

Note: Six specimens are usually tested. If the test on any specimen is deemed to be invalid, as defined in the Standard, it is permissible for up to a maximum of nine specimens to be tested in order to obtain the six valid test results.

Observations made during test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test:

None.

Appendix 2 – Uncertainty of Measurement

Specimen No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Maximum distance travelled at 1.5 minutes (mm)	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3
Maximum distance travelled in 10 minutes (mm)	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k=2$, providing a coverage probability of approximately 95%. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

Appendix 3 – Classification Criteria

Classification of spread of flame

Classification	Spread of Flame at 1.5 min		Final Spread of Flame	
	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)
Class 1	165	165 + 25	165	165 + 25
Class 2	215	215 + 25	455	455 + 45
Class 3	265	265 + 25	710	710 + 75
Class 4	Exceeding the limits for class 3			

Explanation of prefix and suffixes which may be added to the classification

1. A suffix R is added to the classification if more than six specimens are required in order to obtain six valid test results (e.g. class 2R).
2. A prefix D is added to the classification of any product which does not comply with the surface characteristics specified in the Standard and has therefore been tested in a modified form (e.g. class D3).
3. A suffix Y is added to the classification if any softening and/or other behaviour that may affect the flame spread occurs (e.g. class 3Y).

For example, a classification of D3RY could be achieved indicating (a) a modified surface has been used; (b) a class 3 result has been obtained; (c) additional specimens have been used to obtain 6 valid results and; (d) softening and/or other behaviour has occurred which is considered to have affected the test result.

Revision History

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Reason for Revision:	

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Reason for Revision:	